# Improving secure systems design with security culture.

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# Improving Secure Systems Design with Security Culture

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Indifference

towards

requirements

leads to

ambiguity

### Sub Cultures

Perceptions vary between subcultures

Personas and User-

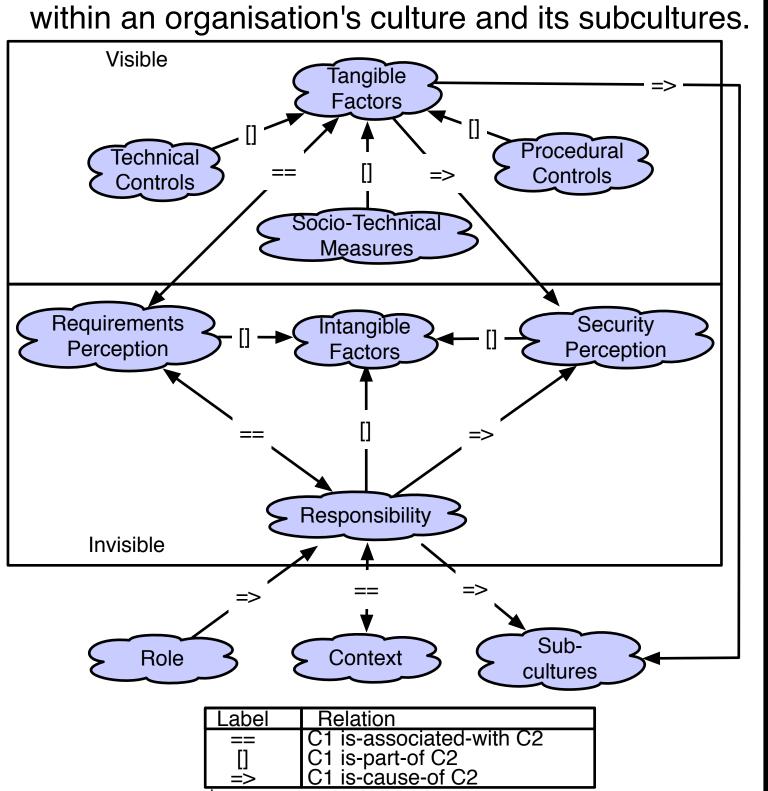
Norms and values evident when describing tasks and controls.

A system which is secure and usable in one culture may not be in an another.

A conceptual model of Security Culture can provide guidelines for informing secure systems design.

## Security Culture

The combination of tangible and intangible factors within an organisation's culture and its subcultures.



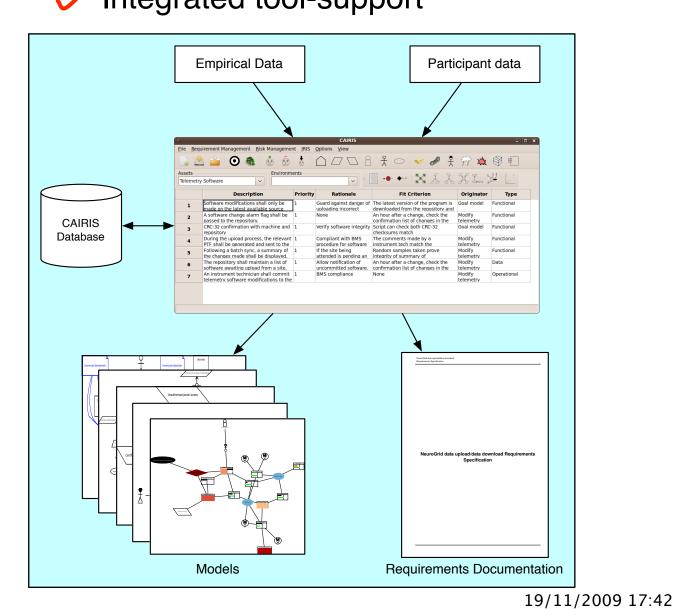
icons.svg

## Secure Systems Design

IRIS (Integrating Requirements and Information Security) is a framework for usable secure systems design.

This framework incorporates:

✓ A user-centered design process Integrated tool-support



## Goal, Requirement, and Task Analysis

Requirements Perception

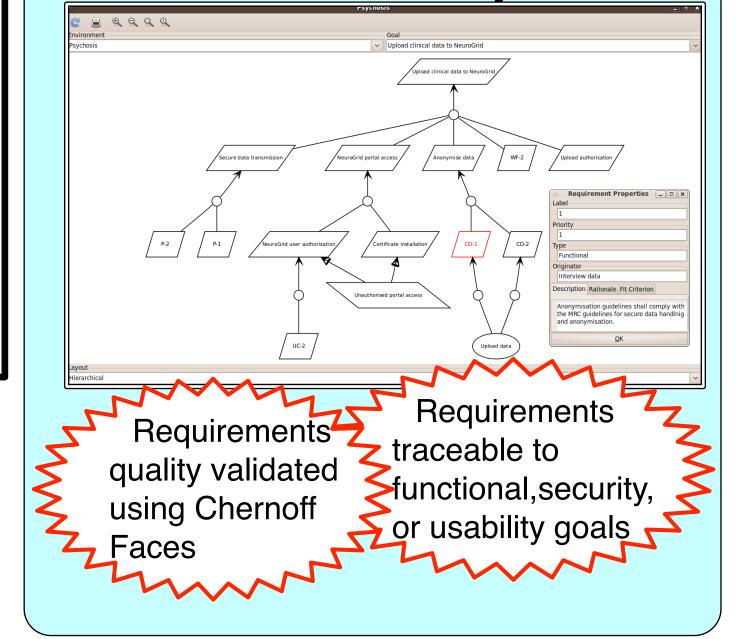
**Implicit** 

requirements

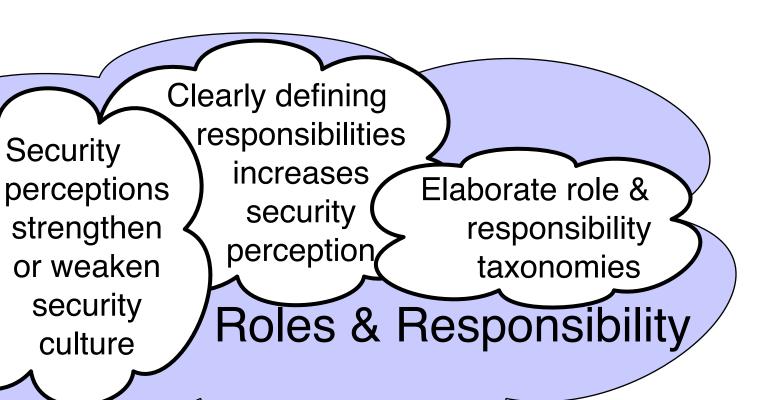
cement

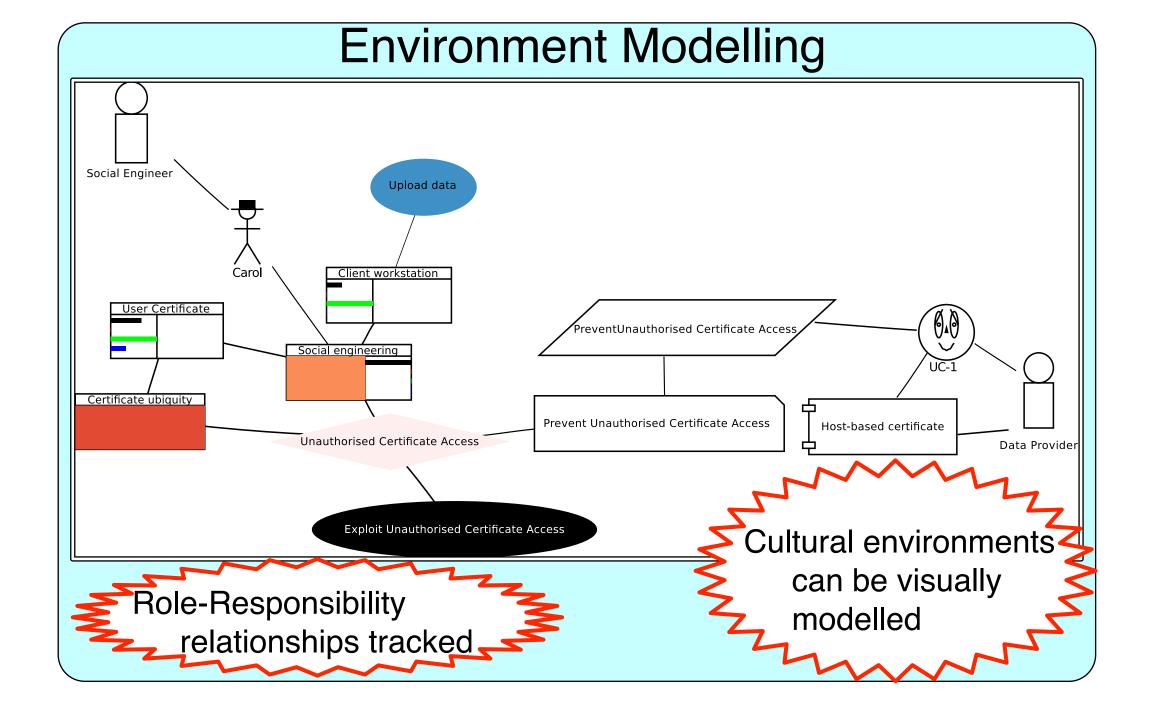
security

values.



### Centered Design Personas are Summary Attitudes specifications of archetypicals images from different Environment Summary Narrative Contextual Alice is very sensitive about the security of image data she Inquiry used has been delegated to elicit persona, task, and environmentthis reason, Alice deliberates over extra request for data access, to ensure only highly Update Close





Operational and Cultural Contexts Shaped by Ambiguous controls and affordances values. affect security Context perception